

November 4, 1955

(The Problem: What are the Soviets Doing?)

During the past several decades the world has been witnessing the accelerating decay of a system of mastery that originated in Western Europe in the 19th century and eventually encompassed many parts of Africa and Asia. In its time this system contributed toward the realization of the rights of peoples and has frequently been a bright page in man's history.

Unfortunately, while in the western world the system has been undergoing a healthy metamorphosis, a highly dangerous drive toward absolute mastery has been developed by the Soviets. Directed by Moscow and reinforced by a secondary center in Peking, it is far more deadly in its intent and methods than was the western system. Where the 19th century drive was essentially economic in its motives and uncoordinated in its methods, the new colonial-imperialism of the Communists is dedicated to the achievement of political mastery of the entire world, and is being carried out within the framework of a carefully constructed and all-embracing master plan.

In the relatively short period of 30 years, Moscow-centered colonial-imperialism has met with a considerable degree of success. It has fixed itself with an iron grip on the millions of non-Russians within the boundaries of the USSR. It has established rigid domination over the Eastern European puppet states. It has extended a long arm to the whole of Latin America where, by comparatively unobtrusive methods it has gained a strong foothold. It has brought Communist China firmly within its orbit--the

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culmination of a process that began in the early 1920's when Moscow began a program of giving all possible aid and direction to the infant Chinese Communist Party.* From China, it has spread out to Korea and Indochina, establishing puppet states dedicated, absolutely, to the position that Moscow is the seat of all political wisdom. And outside the area under direct Communist rule, it has had varying degrees of success in an often dangerously subtle and powerful subversion of free governments.

This aggressive infiltration is as effective as military conquest. The system employs a small, well-disciplined, highly specialized political elite, trained to impress a foreign ideology upon free sovereign states. They are trained at the source of Communist power (Moscow) and returned to their native countries to subvert them in the name of international Communism. The purpose of Communist infiltration is the political, social, economic and psychological paralysis of anti-Communist states and coalitions, including those with which they are "legally" associated. To achieve this goal they will subvert, perform espionage, commit sabotage, organize hate and propaganda campaigns, infiltrate government organizations, head and control front organizations and create general unrest and terror. All this is done in the interest of one country--the USSR.

*Any attempt to pass the Chinese Communist Party off as an independent movement could be met with the UN Resolution (adopted February 1, 1952 by the UNQAA) which found "that the USSR obstructed the efforts of the National Government of China in reestablishing Chinese national authority in the three Eastern Provinces (Manchuria)". This resolution cites Soviet failure to carry out the Treaty of Friendship and Alliance between the Government of the Republic of China and USSR.

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Control of foreign Communist parties, espionage nets and various front units (the main instruments of Communist aggression and subversion) are within the ~~scope~~ of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. The Central Committee contains the Section for Liaison with foreign Communist parties. This is usually referred to as the Foreign Section of the Central Committee. This Section directs, controls and supports world-wide Communist movements.

Since the Communists preach violent revolution and not social revolt, they perform their subversive deeds against a background or threat of armed might. The Soviet Union and satellites, including Communist China and North Vietnam, keep large, highly trained, standing armed forces as a threat to the free world. By this threat peripheral countries are kept in a constant state of fear. In countries not contiguous or readily accessible to the armed forces the Communists attempt to instill terror through guerrilla organizations and other forms of illegal activities.

The Communist movement is international both in doctrine and strategy, and a conspiracy global in character. Since the creation of the first Communist International in 1919 there has never been the slightest relaxation of the Soviet Union's control of the Communist international movement. At times the control mechanism will vary to meet changing situations, but whatever the tactics, the goal is aimed toward the establishment of Socialist Soviet Republics of the World.

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(Suggested Operational Approach)

1. Information briefs to support the following themes are available in declassified form:

- a. That world Communism has paraded falsely under banners of national independence, anti-colonialism, and peace.
- b. That, beneath this disguise, the world Communist movement has been waging a new kind of war to establish a new kind of world colonial empire, under the domination of the U.S.S.R. -- in the very era when old-style colonialism is coming to an end.
- c. That part of this empire has already been established (the European orbit and Communist China) by methods which include use of Soviet nationals in puppet regimes, and other techniques aside from outright military conquest.
- d. That, within this expanding empire, drastic and inhuman methods have been used to Sovietize the institutions and the lives of the people politically, culturally, etc., and to exploit them economically for the benefit of Soviet military power.
- e. That plans have been made and organizations created for the further extension of this Communist empire, especially in Asia and the Middle East.
- f. That the outriders of Communist Colonial Imperialism are present in virtually every country in the world, all subject to the

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discipline and control of local Communist parties which in turn are controlled by Moscow and Peiping through the Cominform and other instruments.

2. Detailed documentation for use in speech or supplementary printed material could be based on the following lines:

- a. Functions of, and individuals involved in, the central control mechanism in the U.S.S.R.: the Central Committee of the Soviet Communist Party, Presidium of the Central Committee, Soviet Foreign Office, etc.
- b. Manner in which the central control mechanism operated in colonizing present Soviet satellites, Communist China, Korea and North Vietnam. The names of Communist leaders now in high positions would be included as well as their Moscow training records and connections. (Associated with this theme the UN Report on truce violations and the information brief on the same subject in reference to Indochina could be further exploited.)
- c. Structure and functioning of the Comintern, Cominform and other international control mechanisms with the names of leaders and examples of operations carried out in various free world countries.
- d. Leadership, Moscow control, etc., of Communist parties in all countries affiliated with the UN.

3. A resolution could be made by Ambassador Lodge which would place the Soviets on the spot in the United Nations and force them to repudiate or be

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publicly identified with the organized world Communist movement. It might be worded in such a way that a positive vote would be a repudiation of and a negative vote would be an assent to:

- a. Any connection with or control of international movements aimed at a revolutionary overthrow of legally established sovereign governments.
- b. Aspirations of any illegal movements within a sovereign state controlled by or adhering to principles of a foreign power.
- c. Activities of individuals who, although supposedly citizens of a sovereign state, adhere to the discipline ^{and aspirations} and creed advocated by a foreign power.